Development of a Prototype Emission Inventory for the Pune Region

Project Overview and Introduction to Emission Inventories

> March 16-24, 2004 Pune, India

Acknowledgements

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- Substantial support provided by the U.S. – Asia Environmental Partnership
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- Critical support provided by all of the agencies and staff represented here today. This will not succeed without you.

Developing a Pune Emission Inventory

Why develop an inventory?

- What is an emission inventory?
- What we are planning on doing?
- How we are going to do it?



India's Pollution Potential Second largest population in world China - 1,256,167,701 India - 1,017,645,163 United States - 274,943,496

- India has more than 30 cities with population greater than 1 million
- Fifth largest economy in world
- Pune is the worlds 77th largest city (about 3.5 million people)



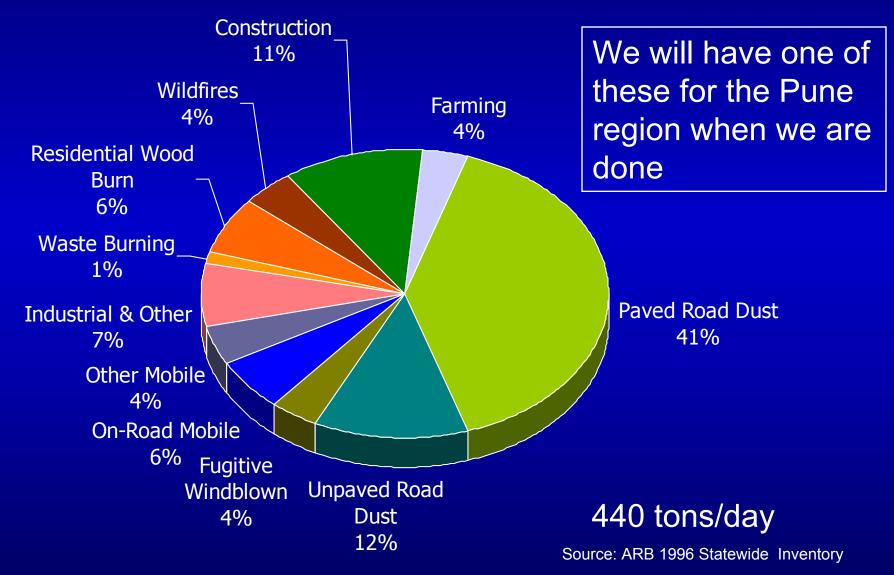
Emission Inventory

"Is a comprehensive listing of the sources of air pollution and an estimate of their emissions within a specific geographic area for a specific time interval."

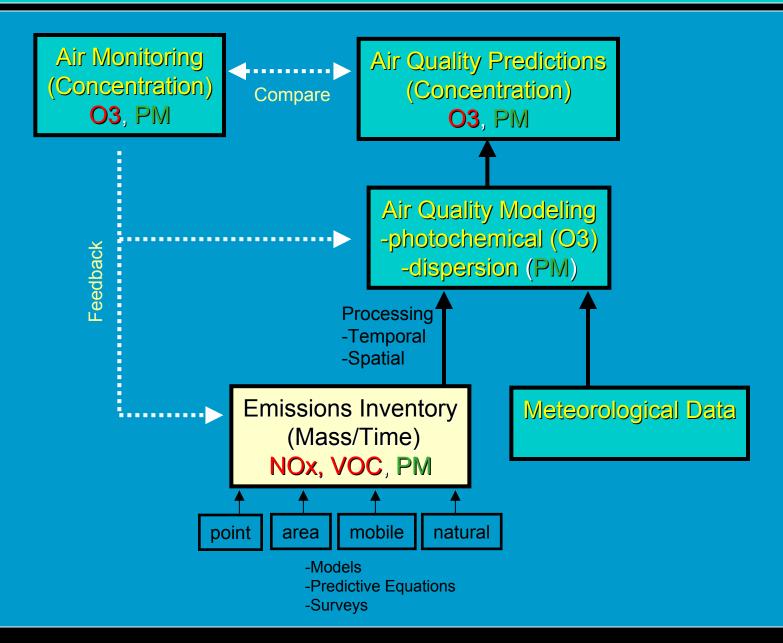
Inventories can be used to:

- Identify sources of pollution
- Identify pollutants of concern
- Amount, distribution, trends
- Identify and track control strategies
- Input to air quality modeling
- Input to health risk assessment

PM₁₀ Inventoried Sources South Coast Air Basin, 1996



Emission Inventory and Air Quality Modeling Process



Overview of Project

- 7 days of effort
- Develop initial emission estimates
- Develop an initial inventory database
- We will be doing the work ourselves here and now
- No real field work

Likely Problems

- For the moment, forget current jurisdictions, we'll deal with that later. We are one team for this project.
- Inventory issues can be discussed endlessly, but our time is limited
- Frustrating process, incomplete data, inadequate time
- In order to do this fast, we will be skipping some steps needed to do an inventory exactly "right"

Some Ideas

- If you are stuck or frustrated with a problem, let us know
- For this project, it is better to get something that is adequate, than trying for something really good, and ending up with nothing
- Inventories are never complete, they are never fully adequate
- Improvise, be flexible, don't get bogged in the details

A Typical Project Day

- 1. Morning group meeting
 - Evaluate milestones, problems
 - Issues of interest to full group
- 2. Split into emission estimation and database groups
 - Initial group presentation or discussion
 - Group members spend day collecting data, developing methods, developing the database (with facilitator help)

3. End of day issues/problems forum

Summary of Full Project

Day 1 – Orientation & Scoping

♦ Days 2 – 5

- Identify methods
- Collect data
- Design approaches

Day 6

- Finalize data
- Load data
- Documentation

Day 7

- Review results
- Identify future milestones

aily Schedule Overview	TUES	WED	THURS	FRI	WEEKEND	MON	TUES	1
ull Technical Group		1	I					
Introductions								
Project Overview								
Client Needs and Timelines								
Boilerplate Planning Document								
Confirm Workplan Milestones								
Daily Coordination Meeting								
Check Progress on Milestones								
Inventory Category Coding								
Data Needs for Database								
Revise Milestones as Needed								
Emissons & GIS								
Data Formats for Database								
Source Codes, Region Codes								
Database Load Readiness								
Key Emissions Bottlenecks								
Feedback on process, frustrations								
Evaluation of Objectives								
Database Load Issues								
Finialize Emission Estimates								
Database Evaluation								
Are Data Ready to Load?								
Is Database Ready?								
Problems & Solutions								
Present Emissions Report								
Reality Checks								
Deficiencies, Problems, Concerns								
Present Emission Methods								[
Present Database								[
Emission Inventory Data								[
Identify & Prioritize Future Tasks								[
Develop Milestones & Timelines								[
Future Progress								[
Management Ownership of Inventory								[
Agency Interests & Staffing								[
Follow-Up Meetings (monthly)								[

Note 1: Boxes marked with "□□" indicate that the participation of management and policy makers is requested. Broad planning, milestones, resources, progress, and future improvements will be discussed. Participation is also welcome at any other project c

Note 2: Boxes marked with "□•" indicate that there will be a presentatation and discussion lead by the facilitator.14

Today's Schedule

Introduction

- Inventory Scope & Needs
- Inventory Planning & Milestones
- Identification of Staff
- Discussion of Resources
- Questions?

Day 1 - Tuesday

Morning - 9:00 a.m. Start

Participants: All Management, Policy, and Technical Staff

Introductions (45 min)

- Pune leadership & management
- Other India representatives
- EPA
- Facilitators
- India technical staff

Overview of Project, Limitations, Goals (10 min) Walk Through Schedule (5 min) Inventory Methods and Database Overview (30 min)

Break

Emission Inventory Scope and Needs (2 hrs)

- Immediate and longer term uses of the inventory
 - o Identifying most important sources of air pollution
 - Air quality policy decisions
 - Atmospheric modeling
 - Spatial extent of inventory
- Key emission sources
- Database development issues
- Data development & database ownership issues

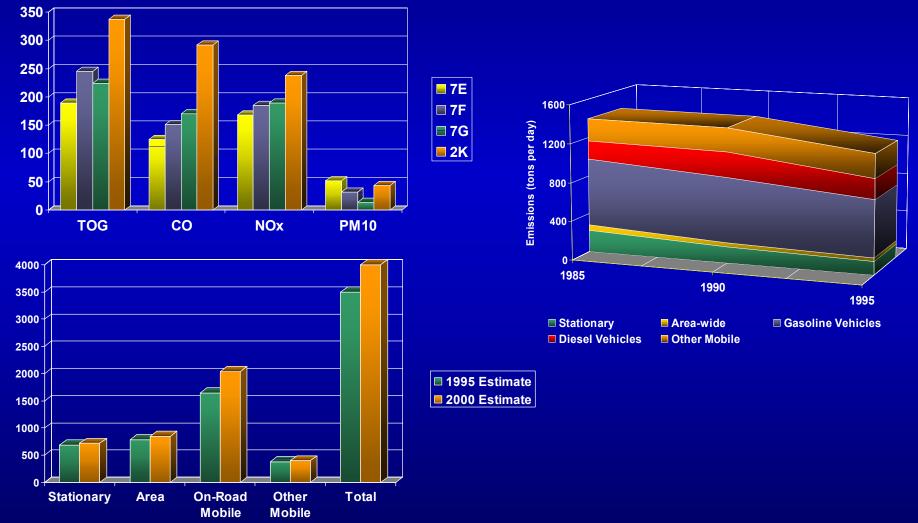
Afternoon

Emission Inventory Planning (3 hrs)

- Identify key tasks for inventory and database
- Identify preliminary milestones (inventory & database)
- Discuss available personnel resources
- Discuss participant interest and availability for inventory, database, and miscellaneous efforts
- Discuss available computer and other resources
- Other issues and concerns

Summary Schedule for Remaining Days

Emission Inventory Overview



Types of Inventories

Annual average

- Seasonal inventories
- Forecasted future estimates
- Gridded / Modeling

Pollutants: Criteria

SPM - suspended particulate matter (PM)

- PM_{10} $PM \leq 10$ microns (and other sizes?)
- TOG total organic gases
- VOCs volatile organic gases
- CO carbon monoxide
- NO_x oxides of nitrogen
 - oxides of sulfur
 - ammonia

SO,

NH3

Pollutants: Toxics



- Benzene
- 1,3 Butadiene
- Formaldehyde
- Hexavalent chrome
- Perchloroethlyene (PERC)
- Lead

Stationary Sources

Refineries

Manufacturing

Food processing

Electric utilities

 Chemical production





Area-Wide Sources

Farming Paved & unpaved road dust Solvents Consumer products Open burning





Mobile Sources

Cars Trucks Buses Aircraft Trains Ships

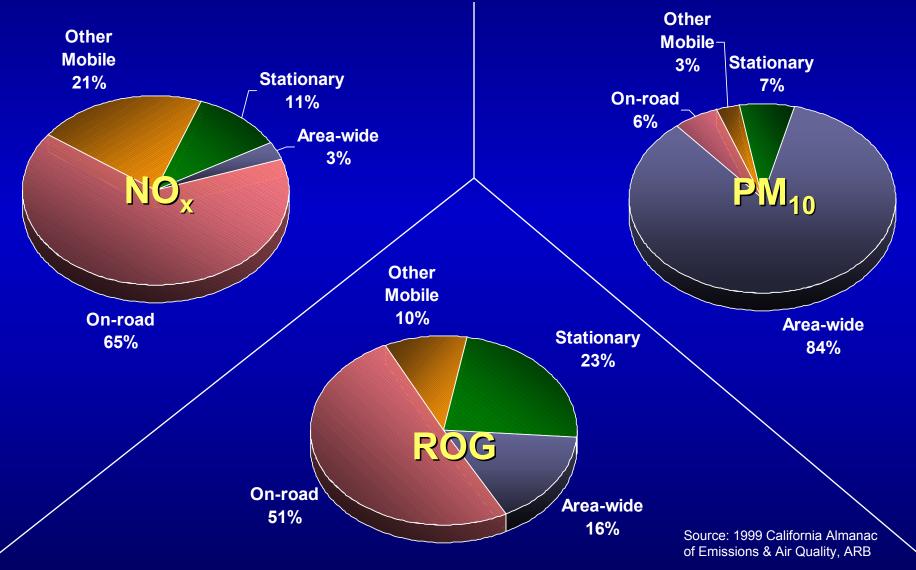


Non-anthropogenic

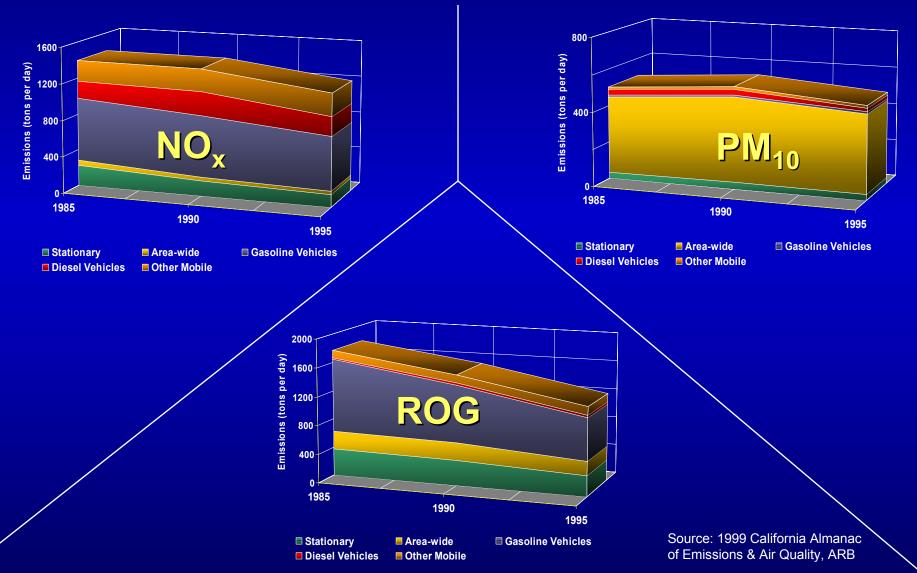




Southern California NO_x, ROG, PM₁₀



Southern California Trends NO_x, ROG, PM₁₀

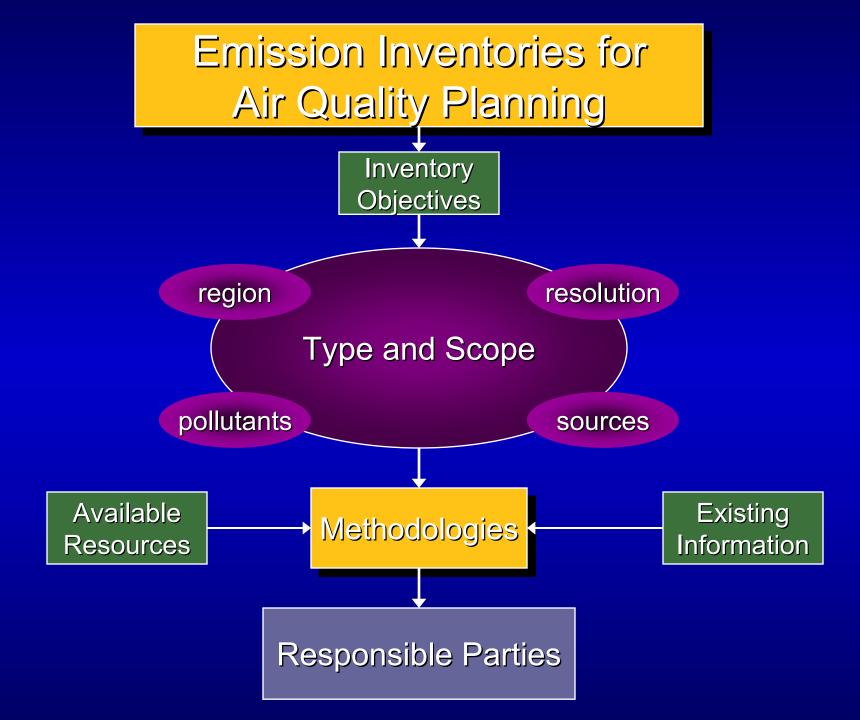


Planning for the Development of Emission Inventories



Developing Emission Inventories

- 1. Planning for inventory development
- 2. Data collection
- Data management and reporting For us, all in 7 days!



Resources Needed to Develop "Complete" Inventory

Dependent on OBJECTIVES!

- Minimum of 18 months 3 years?
- 4-6 people full time?
- \$500k to \$1 million?

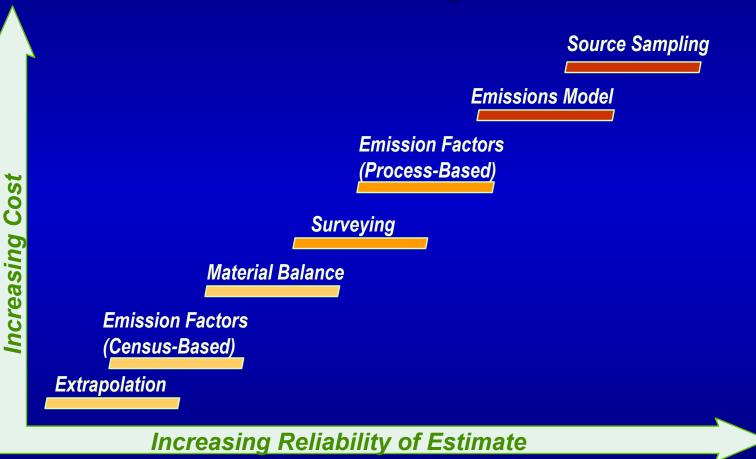
Selection of Emission Estimation Methods

- Based on intended use of inventory
- Availability of existing data
- Availability of time and resources
- Level of concern or pressure to improve air quality

Methodologies

- Top down approach
- Continuous emission monitors
- Source testing
- Material balance
- Emission factors
- Fuel analysis
- Surveys
- Engineering judgement

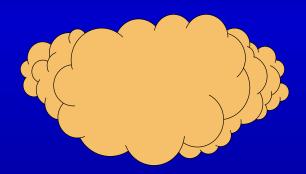
Emission Estimation Techniques



Calculate Emissions



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Emissions

Number of Units Emissions per Unit Total Emissions

Data Collection

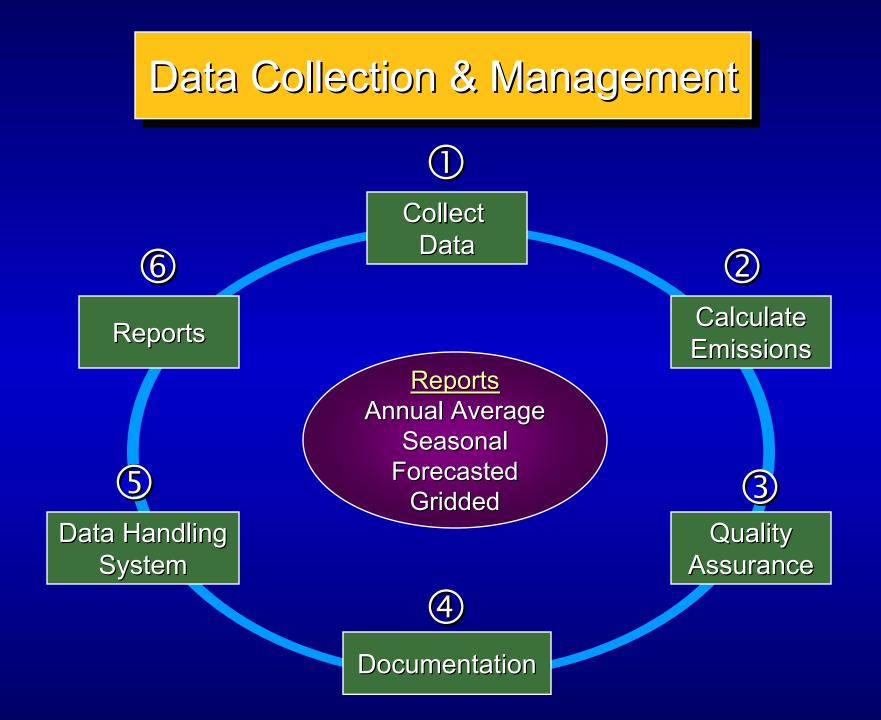
 Activity data Emission factors Facility information Spatial and temporal Speciation

Where to Find Information

 U.S. Emission Inventory Improvement Program (EIIP)
 – 10 volumes of methods

♦ U. S. EPA

- California Air Resources Board
- Mexico Emission Inventory Manuals
- International Methods



Data Management & Database Development

- What are the needs for the inventory?
 - Basic identification of sources & emissions?
 - Modeling?
 - Forecasting & rule tracking?
- How much data is expected?
- What computer and database management support is available?
- What options will there be for data input and output?

Data Reporting

Annual average



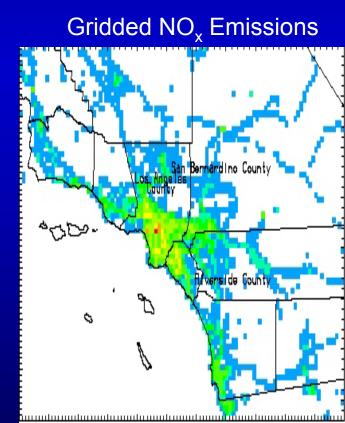
- Forecasted
- Gridded / modeling
- Graphics & tables
- Web-based products

Forecasting Emissions

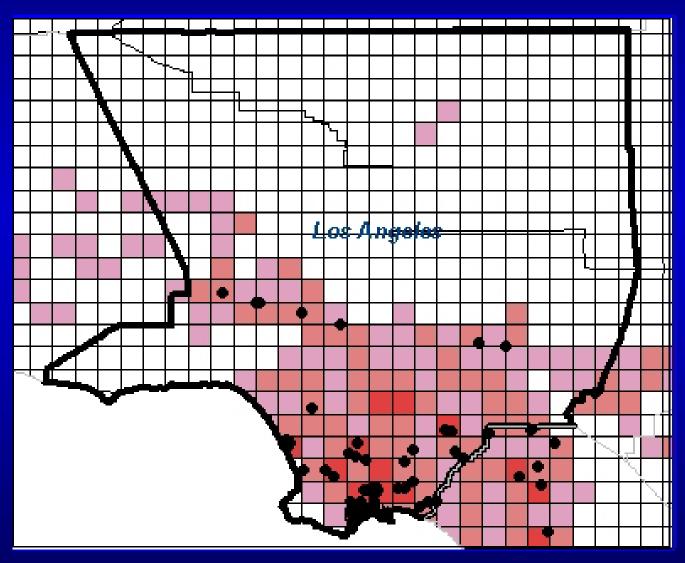
- Forecast emissions based on expectations of future economic conditions, population growth, emission controls, etc.
- Need a baseline emission inventory, growth factors and control factors

Gridded/Modeling Emissions

- Determined by model selection
- Spatially and temporally resolved
- Hourly emissions by grid cell
- Day specific emissions



Los Angeles County Gridded ROG



Facilities emitting greater than 100 tons/year ROG shown.



Data Quality Objectives

Completeness of inventory

- Reasonableness of data
- Level of uncertainty
- Representative of region
- Consistent with other estimates

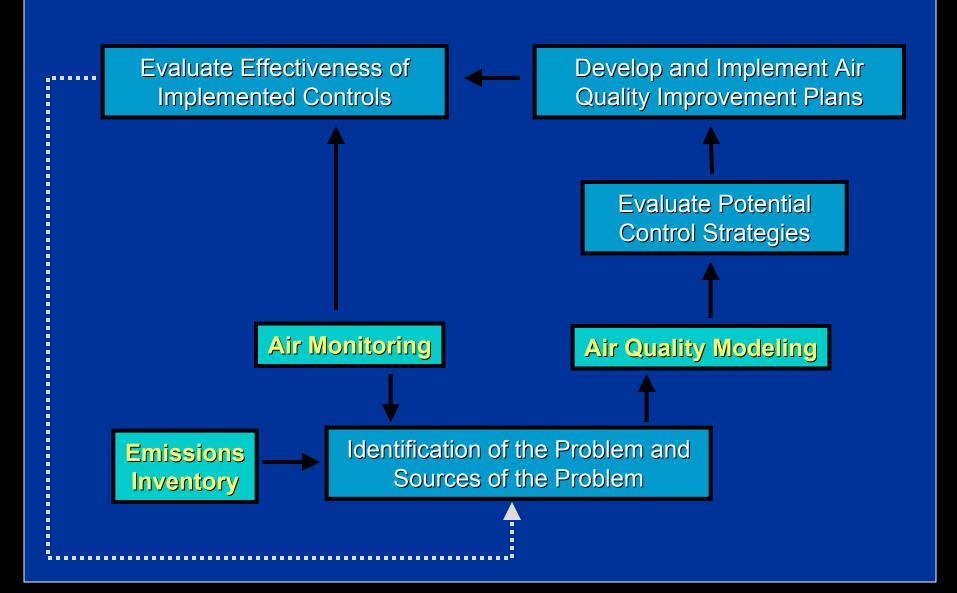
Documentation

Methods used Sources of data Assumptions Calculations Results





Air Quality Improvement Process



Conclusions

- Developing an emission inventory system
 - Identify needs
 - Identify resources
 - Build on what others have done
- Cooperative efforts needed between agencies & businesses
- Ongoing maintenance needed



Contact and Information

U.S. EPA Contact John Mooney Mooney.John@epamail.epa.gov

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Inventory Database Michael Benjamin California Air Resources Board mbenjami@arb.ca.gov m.benjamin@sbcglobal.net

